2. Which of the following is a metallic mineral found in Odisha?
A. Base metals
B. China clay
C. Fire clay
D. Graphite

3. Which of the following non-metallic minerals are found in Odisha?
A. Graphite
B. Bauxite
C. Dolomite
D. All the above

4. The Chromites rich zone in Odisha is:
A. Keonjhar - Sundargarh - Rayagada belt
B. Jajpur - Dhenkanal - Balasore belt
C. Dhenkanal - Jajpur - Keonjhar belt
D. Koraput - Malkanagiri - Rayagada belt

5. Angul-Jharsuguda-Sundargarh is rich in which of the following minerals?
A. Coal
B. Bauxite
C. Iron Ore
D. Chromite

6. Which of the following mines in Odisha is one of the mechanized mines of Asia?
A. Daitari Mines
B. Bansapani Mines
C. Rampur Mines
D. Kaliapani Mines

8. Which of the following is the second-highest abundant mineral in the State after coal?
A. Bauxite
B. Chromite
C. Limestone
D. Iron Ore

9. The most abundant mineral reserve in Odisha is:

10. Odisha Mining Corporation Ltd (OMC) was established in:
A. 1948
B. 1956
C. 1964
D. 1972

11. Lanjigarh in Odisha is known for:
A. Coal
B. Chromite
C. Bauxite
D. Copper

12. Sukinda in Odisha is known for:
A. Chromite
B. Coal
C. Iron ore
D. All of these

13. Which district is the main source/reservoir of tin ore in Odisha?
A. Malkangiri
B. Sambalpur
C. Sundargarh
D. Jajpur

14. Which of the following is termed as 'Beach Sand Minerals'?
A. Graphite
B. Granite
C. Zircon
D. Vanadium

15. Which of the following is correct?
A. Adash Copper ore deposit - Debgarh
B. Desapur Copper deposit Mayurbhanj
C. Sargipalli Lead ore deposit - Sudargarh
D. All the above

16. Which of the locations are their associated minerals is INCORRECT?
A. Kusumdihi - Bauxite
B. Koiri - Coal
C. Bhalukasuni - Chromite
D. Sidhamata - Manganese
17. Koira mines well - known for iron ores is located in which of the following districts?  
A. Sambalpur  
B. Malkangiri  
C. Sundargarh  
D. Jajpur  

18. Which of the following locations in Odisha is NOT associated with copper mineral?  
A. Adash  
B. Kesarpur  
C. Champasar  
D. None of the above  

19. Dholkata Pahar in Keonjhar district is famous for:  
A. Chromite  
B. Coal  
C. Bauxite  
D. Copper  

20. Panchapatmali Hills in Odisha houses large deposit of which type of Minerals?  
A. Dolomite  
B. Bauxite  
C. Sillimanite  
D. Iron ore  

21. Mahapada, Haripur, Radhadeipur in Dhenkanal districts are well-known sites for:  
A. Fire clay  
B. Vanadium  
C. Dimension stones  
D. Pyrophyllite  

22. Joda, Chormalda, Katasahi, Jurudi mines in Keonjhar district are known for:  
A. Manganese  
B. Copper  
C. Lead and zinc  
D. Bauxite  

23. Karlapat-Pollingpadar, Kutrumali-Tangridongar, Lanjigarh and Niyamgiri well known Bauxite mines in Odisha are situated in the district of:  
A. Rayagada  
B. Kalahandi  
C. Kendujhar  
D. Sundargarh  

24. Jagannath Prasad in Khurda District is famous for:  
A. Coal  
B. Dolomite  
C. Fire Clay  
D. China Clay  

25. Charbati, Beldihit etc. in Sambalpur district is famous for:  
A. Sapphire  
B. Ruby  
C. Diamond  
D. Aqua-marine  

26. Kesarpur in Mayurbhanj is famous for:  
A. Iron ore  
B. Coal  
C. Manganese  
D. Copper  

27. Kaliapani in Jajpur district is famous for which of the following minerals?  
A. Iron ores  
B. Coal  
C. Nickel ores  
D. Bauxite  

28. Adash copper mines are located in the district of:  
A. Deogarh  
B. Gajapati  
C. Jajpur district  
D. Malkangiri  

30. China Clay is mostly found in which of the following districts in Odisha?  
A. Koraput  
B. Mayurbhanj  
C. Angul  
D. Bolangir  

32. “Bargochhal and Belghar* sites for precious and semiprecious minerals are located in which of the following
33. MV-76, MV-114 and MV-96 in Malkangiri district are well-known sites for which of the following minerals?
A. Asbestos
B. Bauxite
C. China Clay
D. Copper

35. Devdhara, Sorispadar, Ambagan, some of the famous sites of China Clay are situated in the district of:
A. Malkangiri
B. Bolangir
C. Rayagada
D. Nabarangpur

36. Which of the following mines in Odisha is one of the mechanized mines of Asia?
A. Rampur
B. Dunguri
C. Kaliapani
D. Daitari

37. Gandhamardhan hills in Odisha is famous for:
A. Bauxite deposit
B. Chromite deposit
C. Iron Ores deposit
D. Copper deposit

38. Odisha is a leading producer of fire clay in India. Which of the following is NOT an important site for fire clay deposit in Odisha?
A. Ghantikhal
B. Belpahar
C. Telisinga
D. Gupteswar

39. Titlagarh belt in Odisha is rich in:
A. Coal
B. Copper
C. Dolomite
D. Graphite

40. Which of the following is NOT a mineral-based industry?
A. NALCO
B. RSP
C. PPL
D. INDAL